Important Information for Landlords and Property Managers

1. Owner Welcome Letter
2. IRS W-9
3. Joint Owner/Tenant Pre-Inspection
4. New Lease Inspection Checklist
5. Request for Tenancy Approval
6. Section 8 Landlord Certification
7. Cleaning and Maintenance Checklist
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11. FHA Inspection Form

Si usted requiere este boletín de noticias en español, por favor de llamar Angelica Rosario al numero (707) 429-6287.

Revised October 2007
Dear Owner,

Please complete and sign the attached forms enclosed with this Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher lease packet and return to the Fairfield Housing Authority as soon as possible. It is also required that you provide proof of ownership in the form of:

- Property Insurance
- Grant Deed
- Current property tax statement

The above requested information must include the address of the rental unit and a different address for the owner. The owner’s address can not be the same as the assisted unit. If a property management company is responsible for the unit, a copy of the Management agreement is also required.

It is important for you as a landlord to screen your tenant. The Housing Authority only certifies that the family is eligible for the Section 8 Housing Assistance Program. It is your responsibility to do the necessary background investigation. It is very important that you collect a security deposit.

If you have any questions regarding this packet of information or about the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher program, please call (707) 428-7392.

Sincerely,

Fairfield Housing Authority
Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Name (as reported on your income tax return)...

Business name, if different from above...

Check appropriate box: □ Individual/ □ Sole proprietor □ Corporation □ Partnership □ Other □ Exempt from backup withholding...

Address [number, street, and apt. or suite no.]...

City, state, and ZIP code...

List account number(s) here (optional)...

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on Line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see “How to get a TIN” on page 3.

Note: If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and
3. I am a U.S. person (including a U.S. resident alien).

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions,Item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the Certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. (See the instructions on page 4.)

Sign Here Signature of U.S. person...

Date...

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS, must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

U.S. person. Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester’s form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

For federal tax purposes you are considered a person if you are:

• an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States,
• a partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States, or
• any estate (other than a foreign estate) or trust. See Regulation section 301.7701-6(a) for additional information.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a “saving clause.” Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the recipient has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement that specifies the following five items:

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.

5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-8 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments (after December 31, 2002). This is called “backup withholding.” Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester, or
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 4 for details), or
3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN, or
4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions below and the separate instructions for the Requester of Form W-8.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of $50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a $500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of Federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your social security card. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, then enter, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of the form.

Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your social security card on the “Name” line. You may enter your business, trade, or “doing business as (DBA)” name on the “Business name” line.

Limited liability company (LLC). If you are a single-member LLC (including a foreign LLC with a domestic owner) that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Treasury regulations section 301.7701-3, enter the owner’s name on the “Name” line. Enter the LLC’s name on the “Business name” line. Check the appropriate box for your filing status (sole proprietor, corporation, etc.), then check the box for “Other” and enter “LLC” in the space provided.

Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required Federal tax documents on the “Name” line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the “Business name” line.

Note. You are requested to check the appropriate box for your status (individual/sole proprietor, corporation, etc.).

Exempt From Backup Withholding

If you are exempt, enter your name as described above and check the appropriate box for your status, then check the “Exempt from backup withholding” box in the line following the business name, sign and date the form.

Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends.

Note. If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

Exempt payees. Backup withholding is not required on any payments made to the following payees:

1. An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2),
2. The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities,
3. A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities,
4. A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, or
5. An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

Other payees that may be exempt from backup withholding include:

6. A corporation,
7. A foreign central bank of issue,
8. A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States,
9. A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,
10. A real estate investment trust,
11. An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940,
12. A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a),
13. A financial institution,
14. A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian, or
15. A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The chart below shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt recipients listed above, 1 through 15.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IF the payment is for . . .</th>
<th>THEN the payment is exempt for . . .</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Interest and dividend payments</td>
<td>All exempt recipients except for 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broker transactions</td>
<td>Exempt recipients 1 through 13. Also, a person registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 who regularly acts as a broker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends</td>
<td>Exempt recipients 1 through 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payments over $600 required to be reported and direct sales over $5,000 1</td>
<td>Generally, exempt recipients 1 through 7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.
2However, the following payments made to a corporation (including gross proceeds paid to an attorney under section 6045(f), even if the attorney is a corporation) and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys’ fees; and payments for services paid by a Federal executive agency.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see How to get a TIN below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-owner LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see Limited liability company (LLC) on page 2), enter your SSN (or EIN, if you have one). If the LLC is a corporation, partnership, etc., enter the entity’s EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form on-line at www.socialsecurity.gov/onliness-5.pdf. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses/ and clicking on Employer ID Numbers under Related Topics. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting www.irs.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, write “Applied For” in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Writing “Applied For” means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution. A disregarded domestic entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.
Part II. Certification
To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, and 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). Exempt recipients, see Exempt From Backup Withholding on page 2.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in 1 through 5 below.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For this type of account:</th>
<th>Give name and SSN of:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Individual</td>
<td>The individual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Two or more individuals (joint account)</td>
<td>The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)</td>
<td>The minor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)</td>
<td>The grantor-trustee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law</td>
<td>The actual owner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Sole proprietorship or single-owner LLC</td>
<td>The owner</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For this type of account:</th>
<th>Give name and EIN or:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6. Sole proprietorship or single-owner LLC</td>
<td>The owner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust</td>
<td>Legal entity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Corporate or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832</td>
<td>The corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization</td>
<td>The organization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Partnership or multi-member LLC</td>
<td>The partnership</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. A broker or registered nominee</td>
<td>The broker or nominee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments</td>
<td>The public entity</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

2 Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

3 You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or "DBA" name on the second name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one). If you are a sole proprietor, IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

4 List first and circle the name of the legal trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.)

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Privacy Act Notice
Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons who must file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, and certain other income paid to you, mortgage interest you paid, the acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA, or Archer MSA or HSA. The IRS uses the numbers for identification purposes and to help verify the accuracy of your tax return. The IRS may also provide this information to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, and the District of Columbia to carry out their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, or to Federal and state agencies to enforce Federal nontax criminal laws and to combat terrorism. The authority to disclose information to combat terrorism expired on December 31, 2003. Legislation is pending that would reinstate this authority.

You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Payers must generally withhold 28% of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to a payer. Certain penalties may also apply.
JOINT OWNER/TENANT
PRE-INSPECTION WALK THROUGH

Tenant Name: __________________________

Property Address: ____________________________________________________________

1. Is the unit connected to an approved water ___sewer ___system? 
   ☐ Yes ☐ No

2. Does the unit have proper space and security? 
   ☐ Yes ☐ No

3. Does the unit have a ___kitchen ___bathroom ___living room? 
   ☐ Yes ☐ No

4. Does the unit have a satisfactory means of entering and exiting? 
   ☐ Yes ☐ No

5. Do all windows open and do they have working locks? 
   ☐ Yes ☐ No

6. Do all exterior doors have working single cylinder locks? 
   ☐ Yes ☐ No

7. If the unit has a cooling system, is it adequate? 
   ☐ Yes ☐ No

8. Is the unit heater properly vented, working safe, and adequate? 
   ☐ Yes ☐ No

9. Does the unit have ___adequate lighting and ___two electrical outlets per room? 
   ☐ Yes ☐ No

10. Is there at least one window that opens in each bedroom? 
    ☐ Yes ☐ No

11. Does the ___kitchen and ___bathroom have an approved and switched light? 
    ☐ Yes ☐ No

12. Does the unit appear to be in structurally sound condition? 
    ☐ Yes ☐ No

13. Are the interior walls and ceilings free from cracks, holes, bulges, leaning, or loose surface materials? 
    ☐ Yes ☐ No

14. Are the exterior walls free from leaks, buckling, holes, and loose siding? 
    ☐ Yes ☐ No

15. Are the roofs free from leaks, buckling, missing, and loose roof materials? 
    ☐ Yes ☐ No

16. Are the exterior ___porches and ___walkways in a safe condition? 
    ☐ Yes ☐ No

17. Do the exterior ___stairs and interior ___stairs have handrails? 
    ☐ Yes ☐ No

18. Is the interior free from pollutants including, but not limited to carbon monoxide, sewer gas, fuel gas, dust, etc.? 
    ☐ Yes ☐ No

19. Is the neighborhood free of noise, health and safety hazards (gas leaks, crime, gangs, and graffiti)? 
    ☐ Yes ☐ No

20. Is the unit free of ___flooding ___poor drainage ___sewage hazards ___septic tank back-ups 
    ___mud slides ___pollutants ___excessive vibrations ___roach, rodent or vermin infestations? 
    ☐ Yes ☐ No

S:/SBH/Forms/Briefing-Owner Tenant Walk-thru.xls
21. Does the unit have a sanitary area for preparing and serving food? 

22. Does the unit have refuse facilities, trash cans and/or a dumpster? 

23. If the unit has a stove, is it properly vented and in working order? 

24. If the unit has a refrigerator, is it in working condition? 

25. Does the kitchen have adequate and sanitary storage space? 

26. Does the kitchen have a sink with hot and cold running water? 

27. Does the kitchen have a gas shut-off valve for the gas stove? 

28. Does the bathroom have hot and cold running water? 

29. Does the bathroom have a shower or tub? 

30. Does the bathroom have toilet facilities? 

31. Does the bathroom have a window that opens and closes or an exhaust fan? 

32. Does the bathroom offer privacy? 

33. If the building has an elevator, is it operating properly? 

34. Does the unit have working smoke detectors in each bedroom and in the hallway according to City Code? 

35. Are all crawl covers and vent screens intact to prevent entry of rodents? 

36. If the bedroom windows have security bars, are quick release latches present for emergency exit? 

37. Does the hot water have a temperature and pressure relief valve? 

Owner's Lead Based Paint Certification

I certify that to the best of my knowledge this unit is:

_____ Free from lead-based paint

_____ Not free from lead-based paint

Owner: ___________________________ Date: _____________

Tenant: ___________________________ Date: _____________
New Lease Inspection Checklist

Unit Address: __________________________________________________________

_____ Working smoke detectors (everywhere bedroom, hallway, 10 from cooking area)
_____ Utilities (water, gas, electric) "on"
_____ Windows operable and not cracked
_____ Window screens on and not torn
_____ Stove (in the unit and working)
_____ No plumbing leaks
_____ No peeling paint
_____ Working door locks
_____ Unit must be empty
_____ Carpet Clean (stretched, if necessary)
_____ No infestation (fleas, roaches, rodents, etc.)
_____ Operable garbage disposal
_____ All electric outlets working and covered plates on
_____ Clear of all garbage and trash

This checklist must be completed before the HQS Inspector arrives.

_____________________________________________  ______________________
Signature of Owner                           Date

S:\Briefing Documents\Briefing Forms\Landlord Info\New Lease Inspection Checklist.doc
Request for Tenancy Approval
Housing Choice Voucher Program

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. This agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless that collection displays a valid OMB control number.

Eligible families submit this information to the Public Housing Authority (PHA) when applying for housing assistance under Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of 627 (42 U.S.C. 1437f). The PHA uses the information to determine if the family is eligible, if the unit is eligible, and if the lease complies with program and statutory requirements. Responses are required to obtain a benefit from the Federal Government. The information requested does not lend itself to confidentiality.

1. Name of Public Housing Agency (PHA)

2. Address of Unit (street address, apartment number, city, State & zip code)

3. Requested Beginning Date of Lease

4. Number of Bedrooms

5. Year Constructed

6. Proposed Rent

7. Security Deposit Amt.

8. Date Unit Available for Inspection

9. Type of House/Apartment
   - [ ] Older Home Converted
   - [ ] Mobile Home
   - [ ] Older Multi-Family
   - [ ] Single Family Detached
   - [ ] High Rise
   - [ ] Row House/Garden Apt.
   - [ ] Two/Three Family (Duplex)

10. If this unit is subsidized, indicate type of subsidy:
    - [ ] Section 202
    - [ ] Section 221 (d)(3)(BMI R)
    - [ ] Section 236 (insured or noninsured)
    - [ ] Section 515 Rural Development
    - [ ] Home
    - [ ] Tax Credit
    - [ ] Other (Describe Other Subsidy, including Any State or Local Subsidy)

11. Utilities and Appliances
    The owner shall provide or pay for the utilities and appliances indicated below by an "O". The tenant shall provide or pay for the utilities and appliances indicated below by a "T". Unless otherwise specified below, the owner shall pay for all utilities and appliances provided by the owner.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Specify fuel type</th>
<th>Provided by</th>
<th>Paid by</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Heating</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Natural Gas</td>
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<td>Bottle Gas</td>
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Previous editions are obsolete
HAPPY Software
12. Owner's Certifications.
   a. The program regulation requires the PHA to certify that the rent charged to the housing choice voucher tenant is not more than the rent charged for other unassisted comparable units. Owners of projects with more than 4 units must complete the following section for most recently leased comparable unassisted units within the premises.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Address and unit number</th>
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   b. The owner (including a principal or other interested party) is not the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother of any member of the family, unless the PHA has determined (and has notified the owner and the family of such determination) that approving leasing of the unit, notwithstanding such relationship, would provide reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities.

c. Check one of the following:

- Lead-based paint disclosure requirements do not apply because this property was built on or after January 1, 1978.
- The unit, common areas servicing the unit, and exterior painted surfaces associated with such unit or common areas have been found to be lead-based paint free by a lead-based paint inspector certified under the Federal certification program or under a federally accredited State certification program.
- A completed statement is attached containing disclosure of known information on lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the unit, common areas or exterior painted surfaces, including a statement that the owner has provided the lead hazard information pamphlet to the family.

13. The PHA has not screened the family's behavior or suitability for tenancy. Such screening is the owner's own responsibility.

14. The owner's lease must include word-for-word all provisions of the HUD tenancy addendum.

15. The PHA will arrange for inspection of the unit and will notify the owner and family as to whether or not the unit will be approved.

Print or Type Name of Owner/Owner Representative
Print or Type Name of Household Head

Signature
Signature (Household Head)

Business Address
Present Address of Family (street address, apartment no., city, State, & zip code)

Telephone Number
Date (mm/dd/yyyy)
Telephone Number
Date (mm/dd/yyyy)
Fairfield Housing Authority
Section 8 Landlord Certification

RE:

Street Address of Assisted Unit City/Town State Zip

Ownership of Assisted Unit

I certify that I am the legal owner or the legally designated agent for the above referenced unit, and the prospective tenant has no ownership interest in this dwelling unit whatsoever.

Approved Residents of Assisted Unit

I understand that the family members listed on the dwelling lease agreement as approved by the Housing Authority are the only individuals permitted to reside in the unit. I also understand that I am not permitted to live in the unit while I am receiving assistance payments.

Housing Quality Standards

I understand my obligations in compliance with the Housing Assistance Payments Contract to perform necessary maintenance so the unit continues to comply with Housing Quality Standards.

Tenant Payments

I understand that the amount of the tenants portion of the contract rent is determined by the Housing Authority, and that it is illegal to charge any additional amounts for rent which have not been specifically approved by the Housing Authority.

Security Deposit

I understand that the amount of security deposit cannot exceed that of private market or in excess of amounts charged to unassisted tenants, and that it is illegal to charge any additional amounts for security deposit, which have not been specifically approved by the Housing Authority.

Reporting Vacancies to the Housing Authority

I understand that should the assisted unit become vacant, I am responsible to notify the Housing Authority immediately in writing.

Administrative and Criminal Actions for intentional Violations

I understand that failure to comply with the terms and responsibilities of the Housing Assistance Payments contract is grounds for termination of participation in the Section 8 Program. I understand that knowingly falsifying material facts is a violation of State and Federal criminal law.

Housing Authority Disapproval of Owner

I understand the Housing Authority must not approve a unit for lease under the Section 8 program if the owner of the unit is the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister, or brother of any member of the family, unless the Housing Authority determines that approving the unit would provide reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities. I hereby acknowledge that I have no familial relation as stated above with the tenants of this unit.

__________________________  ________________
Signature of Landlord/Agent Date 20

WARNING—Title 18 US Code Section 1001 states that a person is guilty of a felony for knowingly and willingly making a false or fraudulent statement to any Department or Agency of the United States. State law may also provide penalties for false or fraudulent statements.

DISCLAIMER—Fairfield Housing is not liable for any payments until applicant has passed background check and all paperwork is completed.

S:\Housing Files\Briefing Documents\Briefing Forms TO EDIT\Landlord Info\Landlord Certification 2007.doc
9/12/2008
CLEANING & MAINTENANCE CHECKLIST
To be done before your Annual Inspection

Perform the following routine house cleaning:

1. Clean all windows inside and out. Clean all window sills and tracks. All windows must open, close, and secure properly. They must have some type of working lock device. If a window is broken, HAVE IT REPAIRED OR REPLACED. Check all bedroom screens. One screen per bedroom is REQUIRED. If you are missing a screen, HAVE IT REPLACED.

2. Clean and remove all wax build-up from tile and linoleum floors.

3. Vacuum all floors and have carpets professionally shampooed, if needed. Check floors from trip hazards. Examples: damaged carpet seams, torn linoleum, transition strips not properly secured, cable or extension wires laying across the floor.

4. Vacuum all dust from heater and heater vents. Change heater filters as needed.

5. Remove all marks (pencils, markers, crayons, etc.) from walls and doors.

6. Clean all cabinets inside and out.

7. Check that all appliances are working properly. Replace missing or broken control knobs. Clean stove, oven, and refrigerator. DO NOT wait until the day of the inspection to clean appliance. The inspector will not be able to check the stove/oven if you have just sprayed them with oven cleaner or any other type of chemical. This will cause an automatic fail. Check that all appliances are working properly.

8. Clean the sink, shower, shower doors, tub, tiles, toilet, and toilet seats (if the seat is worn beyond cleaning, have the owner replace it).

9. Clean all light fixtures, covers, switches, plate covers, vents, and ceiling fans.

10. Clean all chrome fixtures in bathroom.

11. Clean all screens.

12. Repair any holes in the walls.

13. Repair all door hinges and door locks, if needed. All doors must have a secure, functioning two-way doorknob or handle.

14. Cut and trim the grass in the front and rear yards.

15. Remove all trash, garbage, or broken appliances, etc. in the yard or garage.

16. Check all smoke detectors. Smoke detectors must be mounted to the ceiling or wall and located near the bedrooms. Push the test button. It should sound off. If it does not, check the connection to the battery. If it is installed correctly and does not test, REPLACE THE BATTERY. If you have a battery in the unit and you hear a constant chirping sound, the battery is low and you need to REPLACE THE BATTERY.

17. Check all faucets and fittings for any type of leak. Be sure to check the pipes underneath sinks. If you find a water leak, contact the owner or property manager to report the leak and HAVE IT REPAIRED.

18. Check all light switches and receptacle outlets. If any switches or receptacles are cracked, broken, or missing, have them repaired or replaced. Replace any light bulbs that have burned out.

YOU MUST HAVE WATER AND POWER. If either is unavailable, the unit will fail and you will be issued a 30-day notice to terminate, unless it is restored.

REMEMBER: Clean and maintain your home throughout the year, not just before your annual inspection. If you do this, you will find that preparing for your inspection will not be such an overwhelming task.
Part A of the HAP Contract: Contract Information

(To prepare the contract, fill out all contract information in Part A.)

1. **Contents of Contract**
   - This HAP contract has three parts:
     - Part A: Contract Information
     - Part B: Body of Contract
     - Part C: Tenancy Addendum

2. **Tenant**

3. **Contract Unit**

4. **Household**

   The following persons may reside in the unit. Other persons may not be added to the household without prior written approval of the owner and the PHA.

5. **Initial Lease Term**

   The initial lease term begins on (mm/dd/yyyy):
   
   The initial lease term ends on (mm/dd/yyyy):

6. **Initial Rent to Owner**

   The initial rent to owner is: $_____.
   During the initial lease term, the owner may not raise the rent to owner.

7. **Initial Housing Assistance Payment**

   The HAP contract term commences on the first day of the initial lease term. At the beginning of the HAP contract term, the amount of the housing assistance payment by the PHA to the owner is $_____. per month.
   The amount of the monthly housing assistance payment by the PHA to the owner is subject to change during the HAP contract term in accordance with HUD requirements.
8. **Utilities and Appliances**

The owner shall provide or pay for the utilities and appliances indicated below by an "O". The tenant shall provide or pay for the utilities and appliances indicated below by a "T". Unless otherwise specified below, the owner shall pay for all utilities and appliances provided by the owner.

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**Signatures:**

**Public Housing Agency**

Print or Type Name of HA

Signature

Print or Type Name and Title of Signatory

Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

**Owner**

Print or Type Name of Owner

Signature

Print or Type Name and Title of Signatory

Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

**Mail Payments To:**

Name

Address

City, State, ZIP
Part B of HAP Contract: Body of Contract

1. Purpose
   a. This is a HAP contract between the PHA and the owner. The HAP contract is entered to provide assistance for the family under the Section 8 voucher program (see 24 Code of Federal Regulations Part 982).
   b. The HAP contract only applies to the household and contract unit specified in Part A of the HAP contract.
   c. During the HAP contract term, the PHA will pay housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract.
   d. The family will reside in the contract unit with assistance under the Section 8 voucher program. The housing assistance payments by the PHA assist the tenant to lease the contract unit from the owner for occupancy by the family.

2. Lease of Contract Unit
   a. The owner has leased the contract unit to the tenant for occupancy by the family with assistance under the Section 8 voucher program.
   b. The PHA has approved leasing of the unit in accordance with requirements of the Section 8 voucher program.
   c. The lease for the contract unit must include word-for-word all provisions of the tenancy addendum required by HUD (Part C of the HAP contract).
   d. The owner certifies that:
      (1) The owner and the tenant have entered into a lease of the contract unit that includes all provisions of the tenancy addendum.
      (2) The lease is in a standard form that is used in the locality by the owner and that is generally used for other unassisted tenants in the premises.
      (3) The lease is consistent with State and local law.
   c. The owner is responsible for screening the family's behavior or suitability for tenancy. The PHA is not responsible for such screening. The PHA has no liability or responsibility to the owner or other persons for the family's behavior or the family's conduct in tenancy.

3. Maintenance, Utilities, and Other Services
   a. The owner must maintain the contract unit and premises in accordance with the housing quality standards (HQS).
   b. The owner must provide all utilities needed to comply with the HQS.
   c. If the owner does not maintain the contract unit in accordance with the HQS, or fails to provide all utilities needed to comply with the HQS, the PHA may exercise any available remedies. PHA remedies for such breach include recovery of overpayments, suspension of housing assistance payments, abatement or other reduction of housing assistance payments, termination of housing assistance payments, and termination of the HAP contract. The PHA may not exercise such remedies against the owner because of an HQS breach for which the family is responsible, and that is not caused by the owner.
   d. The PHA shall not make any housing assistance payments if the contract unit does not meet the HQS, unless the owner corrects the defect within the period specified by the PHA and the PHA verifies the correction. If a defect is life threatening, the owner must correct the defect within no more than 24 hours. For other defects, the owner must correct the defect within the period specified by the PHA.
   e. The PHA may inspect the contract unit and premises at such times as the PHA determines necessary, to ensure that the unit is in accordance with the HQS.
   f. The PHA must notify the owner of any HQS defects shown by the inspection.
   g. The owner must provide all housing services as agreed to in the lease.

4. Term of HAP Contract
   a. Relation to lease term. The term of the HAP contract begins on the first day of the initial term of the lease, and terminates on the last day of the term of the lease (including the initial lease term and any extensions).
   b. When HAP contract terminates.
      (1) The HAP contract terminates automatically if the lease is terminated by the owner or the tenant.
      (2) The PHA may terminate program assistance for the family for any grounds authorized in accordance with HUD requirements. If the PHA terminates program assistance for the family, the HAP contract terminates automatically.
      (3) If the family moves from the contract unit, the HAP contract terminates automatically.
      (4) The HAP contract terminates automatically 180 calendar days after the last housing assistance payment to the owner.
      (5) The PHA may terminate the HAP contract if the PHA determines, in accordance with HUD requirements, that available program funding is not sufficient to support continued assistance for families in the program.
(6) The PHA may terminate the HAP contract if the PHA determines that the contract unit does not provide adequate space in accordance with the HQS because of an increase in family size or a change in family composition.

(7) If the family breaks up, the PHA may terminate the HAP contract, or may continue housing assistance payments on behalf of family members who remain in the contract unit.

(8) The PHA may terminate the HAP contract if the PHA determines that the unit does not meet all requirements of the HQS, or determines that the owner has otherwise breached the HAP contract.

5. Provision and Payment for Utilities and Appliances
   a. The lease must specify what utilities are to be provided or paid by the owner or the tenant.
   b. The lease must specify what appliances are to be provided or paid by the owner or the tenant.
   c. Part A of the HAP contract specifies what utilities and appliances are to be provided or paid by the owner or the tenant. The lease shall be consistent with the HAP contract.

6. Rent to Owner: Reasonable Rent
   a. During the HAP contract term, the rent to owner may at no time exceed the reasonable rent for the contract unit as most recently determined or redetermined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.
   b. The PHA must determine whether the rent to owner is reasonable in comparison to rent for other comparable unassisted units. To make this determination, the PHA must consider:
      (1) The location, quality, size, unit type, and age of the contract unit; and
      (2) Any amenities, housing services, maintenance and utilities provided and paid by the owner.
   c. The PHA must redetermine the reasonable rent when required in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA may redetermine the reasonable rent at any time.
   d. During the HAP contract term, the rent to owner may not exceed rent charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units in the premises. The owner must give the PHA any information requested by the PHA on rents charged by the owner for other units in the premises or elsewhere.

7. PHA Payment to Owner
   a. When paid
      (1) During the term of the HAP contract, the PHA must make monthly housing assistance payments to the owner on behalf of the family at the beginning of each month.
      (2) The PHA must pay housing assistance payments promptly when due to the owner.
      (3) If housing assistance payments are not paid promptly when due after the first two calendar months of the HAP contract term, the PHA shall pay the owner penalties in accordance with generally accepted practices and law, as applicable in the local housing market, governing penalties for late payment by a tenant. However, the PHA shall not be obligated to pay any late payment penalty if HUD determines that late payment by the PHA is due to factors beyond the PHA’s control. Moreover, the PHA shall not be obligated to pay any late payment penalty if housing assistance payments by the PHA are delayed or denied as a remedy for owner breach of the HAP contract (including any of the following PHA remedies: recovery of overpayments, suspension of housing assistance payments, abatement or reduction of housing assistance payments, termination of housing assistance payments and termination of the contract).
   b. Owner compliance with HAP contract. Unless the owner has complied with all provisions of the HAP contract, the owner does not have a right to receive housing assistance payments under the HAP contract.
   c. Amount of PHA payment to owner
      (1) The amount of the monthly PHA housing assistance payment to the owner shall be determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements for a tenancy under the voucher program.
      (2) The amount of the PHA housing assistance payment is subject to change during the HAP contract term in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA must notify the family and the owner of any changes in the amount of the housing assistance payment.
      (3) The housing assistance payment for the first month of the HAP contract term shall be prorated for a partial month.
   d. Application of payment. The monthly housing assistance payment shall be credited against the monthly rent to owner for the contract unit.
   e. Limit of PHA responsibility.
      (1) The PHA is only responsible for making housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract and HUD requirements for a tenancy under the voucher program.
      (2) The PHA shall not pay any portion of the rent to owner in excess of the housing assistance payment. The PHA shall not pay any other claim by the owner against the family.
   f. Overpayment to owner. If the PHA determines that the owner is not entitled to the housing assistance payment or any part of it, the PHA, in addition to other remedies, may deduct the amount of the overpayment from any amounts due the owner (including amounts due under any other Section 8 assistance contract).

8. Owner Certification
   During the term of this contract, the owner certifies that:
   a. The owner is maintaining the contract unit and premises in accordance with the HQS.
b. The contract unit is leased to the tenant. The lease includes the tenancy addendum (Part C of the HAP contract), and is in accordance with the HAP contract and program requirements. The owner has provided the lease to the PHA, including any revisions of the lease.

c. The rent to owner does not exceed rents charged by the owner for rental of comparable unassisted units in the premises.

d. Except for the rent to owner, the owner has not received and will not receive any payments or other consideration (from the family, the PHA, HUD, or any other public or private source) for rental of the contract unit during the HAP contract term.

e. The family does not own or have any interest in the contract unit.

f. To the best of the owner’s knowledge, the members of the family reside in the contract unit, and the unit is the family’s only residence.

g. The owner (including a principal or other interested party) is not the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister, or brother of any member of the family, unless the PHA has determined (and has notified the owner and the family of such determination) that approving rental of the unit, notwithstanding such relationship, would provide reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities.

9. **Prohibition of Discrimination.** In accordance with applicable equal opportunity statutes, Executive Orders, and regulations:

a. The owner must not discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status, or disability in connection with the HAP contract.

b. The owner must cooperate with the PHA and HUD in conducting equal opportunity compliance reviews and complaint investigations in connection with the HAP contract.

10. **Owner’s Breach of HAP Contract**

a. Any of the following actions by the owner (including a principal or other interested party) is a breach of the HAP contract by the owner:

   1. If the owner has violated any obligation under the HAP contract, including the owner’s obligation to maintain the unit in accordance with the HAP.
   2. If the owner has violated any obligation under any other housing assistance payments contract under Section 8.
   3. If the owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any Federal housing assistance program.
   4. For projects with mortgages insured by HUD or loans made by HUD, if the owner has failed to comply with the regulations for the applicable mortgage insurance or loan program, with the mortgage or mortgage note, with the regulatory agreement; or if the owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with the mortgage or loan.
   5. If the owner has engaged in any drug-related criminal activity or any violent criminal activity.

b. If the PHA determines that a breach has occurred, the PHA may exercise any of its rights and remedies under the HAP contract, or any other available rights and remedies for such breach. The HAP shall notify the owner of such determination, including a brief statement of the reasons for the determination. The notice by the PHA to the owner may require the owner to take corrective action, as verified or determined by the PHA, by a deadline prescribed in the notice.

c. The PHA’s rights and remedies for owner breach of the HAP contract include recovery of overpayments, suspension of housing assistance payments, abatement or other reduction of housing assistance payments, termination of housing assistance payments, and termination of the HAP contract.

d. The PHA may seek and obtain additional relief by judicial order or action, including specific performance, other injunctive relief or order for damages.

e. Even if the family continues to live in the contract unit, the PHA may exercise any rights and remedies for owner breach of the HAP contract.

f. The PHA’s exercise or non-exercise of any right or remedy for owner breach of the HAP contract is not a waiver of the right to exercise that or any other right or remedy at any time.

11. **PHA and HUD Access to Premises and Owner’s Records**

a. The owner must provide any information pertinent to the HAP contract that the PHA or HUD may reasonably require.

b. The PHA, HUD and the Comptroller General of the United States shall have full and free access to the contract unit and the premises, and to all records and other records of the owner that are relevant to the HAP contract, including the right to examine or audit the records and to make copies.

c. The owner must grant such access to computerized or other electronic records, and to any computers, equipment or facilities containing such records, and must provide any information or assistance needed to access the records.

12. **Exclusion of Third Party Rights**

a. The family is not a party to or third party beneficiary of Part B of the HAP contract. The family may not enforce any provision of Part B, and may not exercise any right or remedy against the owner or PHA under Part B.

b. The owner or the PHA may enforce the tenancy addendum (Part C of the HAP contract) against the owner, and may exercise any right or remedy against the owner under the tenancy addendum.

c. The PHA does not assume any responsibility for injury to, or any liability to, any person injured as a result of the owner’s action or failure to act in connection with management of the contract unit or the premises or with implementation of the HAP contract, or as a result of any other action or failure to act by the owner.

d. The owner is not the agent of the PHA, and the HAP contract does not create or affect any relationship between the PHA and any employer to the owner or any suppliers, employees, contractors or subcontractors used by the owner in connection with management of the contract unit or the premises or with implementation of the HAP contract.
13. Conflict of Interest
   a. "Covered individual" means a person or entity who is a member of any of the following classes:
      (1) Any present or former member or officer of the PHA (except a PHA commissioner who is a participant in the program);
      (2) Any employee of the PHA, or any contractor, subcontractor or agent of the PHA, who formulates policy or who influences
          decisions with respect to the program;
      (3) Any public official, member of a governing body, or State or local legislator, who exercises functions or responsibilities with
          respect to the program or
          (4) Any member of the Congress of the United States.
   b. A covered individual may not have any direct or indirect interest in the HAP contract or in any benefits or payments under the contract
      (including the interest of an immediate family member of such covered individual) while such person is a covered individual or during one
      year thereafter.
   c. "Immediate family member" means the spouse, parent (including a stepparent), child (including a stepchild), grandparent,
      grandchild, sister or brother of any member of the family, unless the PHA has determined (and has notified the
      family of such determination) that approving the assignment, notwithstanding such relationship, would provide reasonable
      accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities.
   f. The PHA may deny approval to assign the HAP contract if the owner or proposed new owner (including a principal or other interested
      party):
      (1) Has violated obligations under a housing assistance payments contract under Section 8;
      (2) Has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any Federal housing program;
      (3) Has engaged in any drug-related criminal activity or any violent criminal activity;
      (4) Has a history or practice of non-compliance with the HQS for units leased under the Section 8 tenant-based programs, or
          non-compliance with applicable housing standards for units leased with project-based Section 8 assistance or for units leased
          under any other Federal housing program;
      (5) Has a history or practice of failing to terminate tenancy of tenants assisted under any Federally assisted housing program for
          activity engaged in by the tenant, any member of the household, a guest or another person under the control of any member of
          the household that:
             (a) Threatens the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents;
             (b) Threatens the health or safety of other residents, of employees of the PHA, or of owner employees or other persons engaged
                 in management of the housing;
             (c) Threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of, their residents by, persons residing in the immediate
                 vicinity of the premises; or
             (d) Is drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity;
      (6) Has a history or practice of renting units that fail to meet State or local housing codes; or
      (7) Has not paid State or local real estate taxes, fines or assessments.
   g. No member of or delegate to the Congress of the United States or resident commissioner shall be admitted to any share or part of the
      HAP contract or to any benefits which may arise from it.

14. Assignment of the HAP Contract
   a. The owner may not assign the HAP contract to a new owner without the prior written consent of the PHA.
   b. If the owner requests PHA consent to assign the HAP contract to a new owner, the owner shall supply any information as required by
      the PHA pertinent to the proposed assignment.
   c. The HAP contract may not be assigned to a new owner that is debarred, suspended or subject to a limited denial of participation under
      HUD regulations (see 24 Code of Federal Regulations Part 24).
   d. The HAP contract may not be assigned to a new owner if HUD has prohibited such assignment because:
      (1) The Federal government has instituted an administrative or judicial action against the owner or proposed new owner for violation of
          the Fair Housing Act or other Federal equal opportunity requirements, and such action is pending, or
      (2) A court or administrative agency has determined that the owner or proposed new owner violated the Fair Housing Act or other
          Federal equal opportunity requirements.
   e. The HAP contract may not be assigned to a new owner if the new owner (including a principal or other interested party) is the parent,
      child, grandparent,
Part C of HAP Contract: Tenancy Addendum

1. Section 8 Voucher Program
   a. The owner is leasing the contract unit to the tenant for occupancy by the tenant's family with assistance for a tenancy under the Section 8 housing choice voucher program (voucher program) of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).
   b. The owner has entered into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract (HAP contract) with the PHA under the voucher program. Under the HAP contract, the PHA will make housing assistance payments to the owner to assist the tenant in leasing the unit from the owner.

2. Lease
   a. The owner has given the PHA a copy of the lease, including any revisions agreed by the owner and the tenant. The owner certifies that the terms of the lease are in accordance with all provisions of the HAP contract and that the lease includes the tenancy addendum.
   b. The tenant shall have the right to enforce the tenancy addendum against the owner. If there is any conflict between the tenancy addendum and any other provisions of the lease, the language of the tenancy addendum shall control.

3. Use of Contract Unit
   a. During the lease term, the family will reside in the contract unit with assistance under the voucher program.
   b. The composition of the household must be approved by the PHA. The family must promptly inform the PHA of the birth, adoption or court-awarded custody of a child. Other persons may not be added to the household without prior written approval of the owner and the PHA.
   c. The contract unit may only be used for residence by the PHA-approved household members. The unit must be the family's only residence. Members of the household may engage in legal profit making activities incidental to primary use of the unit for residence by members of the family.
   d. The tenant may not sublease or let the unit.
   e. The tenant may not assign the lease or transfer the unit.

4. Rent to Owner
   a. The initial rent to owner may not exceed the amount approved by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.
   b. Changes in the rent to owner shall be determined by the provisions of the lease. However, the owner may not raise the rent during the initial term of the lease.
   c. During the term of the lease (including the initial term of the lease and any extension term), the rent to owner may at no time exceed:
      (1) The reasonable rent for the unit as most recently determined or redetermined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements, or
      (2) Rent charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units in the premises.

5. Family Payment to Owner
   a. The family is responsible for paying the owner any portion of the rent to owner that is not covered by the PHA housing assistance payment.
   b. Each month, the PHA will make a housing assistance payment to the owner on behalf of the family in accordance with the HAP contract. The amount of the monthly housing assistance payment will be determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements for a tenancy under the Section 8 voucher program.
   c. The monthly housing assistance payment shall be credited against the monthly rent to owner for the contract unit.
   d. The tenant is not responsible for paying the portion of rent to owner covered by the PHA housing assistance payment under the HAP contract between the owner and the PHA. A PHA failure to pay the housing assistance payment to the owner is not a violation of the lease. The owner may not terminate the tenancy for nonpayment of the PHA housing assistance payment.
   e. The owner may not charge or accept, from the family or from any other source, any payment for rent of the unit in addition to the rent to owner. Rent to owner includes all housing services, maintenance, utilities and appliances to be provided and paid by the owner in accordance with the lease.
   f. The owner must immediately return any excess rent payment to the tenant.

6. Other Fees and Charges
   a. Rent to owner does not include cost of any meals or supportive services or furniture which may be provided by the owner.
   b. The owner may not require the tenant or family members to pay charges for any meals or supportive services or furniture which may be provided by the owner. Nonpayment of any such charges is not grounds for termination of tenancy.
   c. The owner may not charge the tenant extra amounts for items customarily included in rent to owner in the locality, or provided at no additional cost to unsubsidized tenants in the premises.

7. Maintenance, Utilities, and Other Services
   a. Maintenance
(1) The owner must maintain the unit and premises in accordance with the HQS.

(2) Maintenance and replacement (including redecoration) must be in accordance with the standard practice for the building concerned as established by the owner.

b. Utilities and appliances

(1) The owner must provide all utilities needed to comply with the HQS.

(2) The owner is not responsible for a breach of the HQS caused by the tenant's failure to:
   (a) Pay for any utilities that are to be paid by the tenant.
   (b) Provide and maintain any appliances that are to be provided by the tenant.

c. Family damage. The owner is not responsible for a breach of the HQS because of damages beyond normal wear and tear caused by any member of the household or by a guest.

d. Housing services. The owner must provide all housing services as agreed to in the lease.

8. Termination of Tenancy by Owner

a. Requirements. The owner may only terminate the tenancy in accordance with the lease and HUD requirements.

b. Grounds. During the term of the lease (the initial term of the lease or any extension term), the owner may only terminate the tenancy because of:
   (1) Serious or repeated violation of the lease;
   (2) Violation of Federal, State, or local law that imposes obligations on the tenant in connection with the occupancy or use of the unit and the premises;
   (3) Criminal activity or alcohol abuse (as provided in paragraph c); or
   (4) Other good cause (as provided in paragraph d).

c. Criminal activity or alcohol abuse.

(1) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household, a guest or another person under a resident's control commits any of the following types of criminal activity:
   (a) Any criminal activity that threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by, other residents (including property management staff residing on the premises);
   (b) Any criminal activity that threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of their residences by, persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises;
   (c) Any violent criminal activity on or near the premises; or
   (d) Any drug-related criminal activity on or near the premises.

(2) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household is:
   (a) Fleeing to avoid prosecution, or custody or confinement after conviction, for a crime, or attempt to commit a crime, that is a felony under the laws of the place from which the individual flees, or that, in the case of the State of New Jersey, is a high misdemeanor; or
   (b) Violating a condition of probation or parole under Federal or State law.

(3) The owner may terminate the tenancy for criminal activity by a household member in accordance with this section if the owner determines that the household member has committed the criminal activity, regardless of whether the household member has been arrested or convicted for such activity.

(4) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household has engaged in abuse of alcohol that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

d. Other good cause for termination of tenancy

(1) During the initial lease term, other good cause for termination of tenancy must be something the family did or failed to do.

(2) During the initial lease term or during any extension term, other good cause includes:
   (a) Disturbance of neighbors,
   (b) Destruction of property, or
   (c) Living or housekeeping habits that cause damage to the unit or premises.

(3) After the initial lease term, such good cause includes:
   (a) The tenant's failure to accept the owner's offer of a new lease or revision;
   (b) The owner's desire to use the unit for personal or family use or for a purpose other than use as a residential rental unit; or
   (c) A business or economic reason for termination of the tenancy (such as sale of the property, renovation of the unit, the owner's desire to rent the unit for a higher rent).

e. Protections for Victims of Abuse.

(1) An incident or incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking will not be construed as serious or repeated violations of the lease or other "good cause" for termination of the assistance, tenancy, or occupancy rights of such a victim.

(2) Criminal activity directly relating to abuse, engaged in by a member of a tenant's household or any guest or other person under the tenant's control,
shall not be cause for termination of assistance, tenancy, or occupancy rights if the tenant or an immediate member of the tenant’s family is the victim or threatened victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.

(3) Notwithstanding any restrictions on admission, occupancy, or terminations of occupancy or assistance, or any Federal, State or local law to the contrary, a PHA, owner or manager may “bifurcate” a lease, or otherwise remove a household member from a lease, without regard to whether a household member is a signatory to the lease, in order to evict, remove, terminate occupancy rights, or terminate assistance to any individual who is a tenant or lawful occupant and who engages in criminal acts of physical violence against family members or others. This action may be taken without evidence, removing, terminating assistance to, or otherwise penalizing the victim of the violence who is also a tenant or lawful occupant. Such eviction, removal, termination of occupancy rights, or termination of assistance shall be effected in accordance with the procedures prescribed by Federal, State, and local law for the termination of leases or assistance under the housing choice voucher program.

(4) Nothing in this section may be construed to limit the authority of a public housing agency, owner, or manager, when notified, to honor court orders addressing rights of access or control of the property, including civil protection orders issued to protect the victim and issued to address the distribution or possession of property among the household members in cases where a family breaks up.

(5) Nothing in this section limits any otherwise available authority of an owner or manager to evict or the public housing agency to terminate assistance to a tenant for any violation of a lease not premised on the act or acts of violence in question against the tenant or a member of the tenant’s household, provided that the owner, manager, or public housing agency does not subject an individual who is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking to a more demanding standard than other tenants in determining whether to evict or terminate.

(6) Nothing in this section may be construed to limit the authority of an owner or manager to evict, or the public housing agency to terminate assistance, to any tenant if the owner, manager, or public housing agency can demonstrate an actual and imminent threat to other tenants or those employed at or providing service to the property if the tenant is not evicted or terminated from assistance.

(7) Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede any provision of any Federal, State, or local law that provides greater protection than this section for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.

f. Eviction by court action. The owner may only evict the tenant by a court action.

g. Owner notice of grounds

(1) At or before the beginning of a court action to evict the tenant, the owner must give the tenant a notice that specifies the grounds for termination of tenancy. The notice may be included in or combined with any owner eviction notice.

(2) The owner must give the PHA a copy of any owner eviction notice at the same time the owner notifies the tenant.

(3) Eviction notice means a notice to vacate, or a complaint or other initial pleading used to begin an eviction action under State or local law.

9. Lease: Relation to HAP Contract

If the HAP contract terminates for any reason, the lease terminates automatically.

10. PHA Termination of Assistance

The PHA may terminate program assistance for the family for any grounds authorized in accordance with HUD requirements. If the PHA terminates program assistance for the family, the lease terminates automatically.

11. Family Move Out

The tenant must notify the PHA and the owner before the family moves out of the unit.

12. Security Deposit

a. The owner may collect a security deposit from the tenant. (However, the PHA may prohibit the owner from collecting a security deposit in excess of private market practice, or in excess of amounts charged by the owner to unassisted tenants. Any such PHA-required restriction must be specified in the HAP contract.)

b. When the family moves out of the contract unit, the owner, subject to State and local law, may use the security deposit, including any interest on the deposit, as reimbursement for any unpaid rent payable by the tenant, any damages to the unit or any other amounts that the tenant owes under the lease.

c. The owner must give the tenant a list of all items charged against the security deposit, and the amount of each item. After deducting the amount, if any, used to reimburse the owner, the owner must promptly refund the full amount of the unused balance to the tenant.

d. If the security deposit is not sufficient to cover amounts the tenant owes under the lease, the owner may collect the balance from the tenant.

13. Prohibition of Discrimination

In accordance with applicable equal opportunity statutes, Executive Orders, and regulations, the owner must not discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status or disability in connection with the lease.

14. Conflict with Other Provisions of Lease
a. The terms of the tenancy addendum are prescribed by HUD in accordance with Federal law and regulation, as a condition for Federal assistance to the tenant and tenant's family under the Section 8 voucher program.

b. In case of any conflict between the provisions of the tenancy addendum as required by HUD, and any other provisions of the lease or any other agreement between the owner and the tenant, the requirements of the HUD-required tenancy addendum shall control.

15. Changes in Lease or Rent

a. The tenant and the owner may not make any change in the tenancy addendum. However, if the tenant and the owner agree to any other changes in the lease, such changes must be in writing, and the owner must immediately give the PHA a copy of such changes. The lease, including any changes, must be in accordance with the requirements of the tenancy addendum.

b. In the following cases, tenant-based assistance shall not be continued unless the PHA has approved a new tenancy in accordance with program requirements and has executed a new HAP contract with the owner:

   (1) If there are any changes in lease requirements governing tenant or owner responsibilities for utilities or appliances;
   (2) If there are any changes in lease provisions governing the term of the lease;
   (3) If the family moves to a new unit, even if the unit is in the same building or complex.

c. PHA approval of the tenancy, and execution of a new HAP contract, are not required for agreed changes in the lease other than as specified in paragraph b.

d. The owner must notify the PHA of any changes in the amount of the rent to owner at least sixty days before any such changes go into effect, and the amount of the rent to owner following any such agreed change may not exceed the reasonable rent for the unit as most recently determined or redetermined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.

16. Notices

Any notice under the lease by the tenant to the owner or by the owner to the tenant must be in writing.

17. Definitions

Contract unit. The housing unit rented by the tenant with assistance under the program.

Family. The persons who may reside in the unit with assistance under the program.

HAP contract. The housing assistance payments contract between the PHA and the owner. The PHA pays housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract.

Household. The persons who may reside in the contract unit. The household consists of the family and any PHA-approved live-in aide. (A live-in aide is a person who resides in the unit to provide necessary supportive services for a member of the family who is a person with disabilities.)

Housing quality standards (HQS). The HUD minimum quality standards for housing assisted under the Section 8 tenant-based programs.

HUD. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

HUD requirements. HUD requirements for the Section 8 program. HUD requirements are issued by HUD headquarters, as regulations, Federal Register notices or other binding program directives.

Lease. The written agreement between the owner and the tenant for the lease of the contract unit to the tenant. The lease includes the tenancy addendum prescribed by HUD.

PHA. Public Housing Agency.

Premises. The building or complex in which the contract unit is located, including common areas and grounds.

Program. The Section 8 housing choice voucher program.

Rent to owner. The total monthly rent payable to the owner for the contract unit. The rent to owner is the sum of the portion of rent payable by the tenant plus the PHA housing assistance payment to the owner.

Section 8. Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 United States Code 1437f).

Tenant. The family member (or members) who leases the unit from the owner.

Voucher program. The Section 8 housing choice voucher program. Under this program, HUD provides funds to an PHA for rent subsidy on behalf of eligible families. The tenancy under the lease will be assisted with rent subsidy for a tenancy under the voucher program.
Tenancy Addendum
Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance
Housing Choice Voucher Program
(To be attached to Tenant Lease)

1. **Section 8 Voucher Program**
   a. The owner is leasing the contract unit to the tenant for occupancy by the tenant’s family with assistance for a tenancy under the Section 8 housing choice voucher program (voucher program) of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).
   b. The owner has entered into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract (HAP contract) with the PHA under the voucher program. Under the HAP contract, the PHA will make housing assistance payments to the owner to assist the tenant in leasing the unit from the owner.

2. **Lease**
   a. The owner has given the PHA a copy of the lease, including any revisions agreed by the owner and the tenant. The owner certifies that the terms of the lease are in accordance with all provisions of the HAP contract and that the lease includes the tenancy addendum.
   b. The tenant shall have the right to enforce the tenancy addendum against the owner. If there is any conflict between the tenancy addendum and any other provisions of the lease, the language of the tenancy addendum shall control.

3. **Use of Contract Unit**
   a. During the lease term, the family will reside in the contract unit with assistance under the voucher program.
   b. The composition of the household must be approved by the PHA. The family must promptly inform the PHA of the birth, adoption or court-awarded custody of a child. Other persons may not be added to the household without prior written approval of the owner and the PHA.
   c. The contract unit may only be used for residence by the PHA-approved household members. The unit must be the family’s only residence. Members of the household may engage in legal profit making activities incidental to primary use of the unit for residence by members of the family.
   d. The tenant may not sublease or let the unit.
   e. The tenant may not assign the lease or transfer the unit.

4. **Rent to Owner**
   a. The initial rent to owner may not exceed the amount approved by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.
   b. Changes in the rent to owner shall be determined by the provisions of the lease. However, the owner may not raise the rent during the initial term of the lease.
   c. During the term of the lease (including the initial term of the lease and any extension term), the rent to owner may at no time exceed:
      (1) The reasonable rent for the unit as most recently determined or redetermined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements, or
      (2) Rent charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units in the premises.

5. **Family Payment to Owner**
   a. The family is responsible for paying the owner any portion of the rent to owner that is not covered by the PHA housing assistance payment.
   b. Each month, the PHA will make a housing assistance payment to the owner on behalf of the family in accordance with the HAP contract. The amount of the monthly housing assistance payment will be determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements for a tenancy under the Section 8 voucher program.
   c. The monthly housing assistance payment shall be credited against the monthly rent to owner for the contract unit.
   d. The tenant is not responsible for paying the portion of rent to owner covered by the PHA housing assistance payment under the HAP contract between the owner and the PHA. A PHA failure to pay the housing assistance payment to the owner is not a violation of the lease. The owner may not terminate the tenancy for nonpayment of the PHA housing assistance payment.
   e. The owner may not charge or accept, from the family or from any other source, any payment for rent of the unit in addition to the rent to owner. Rent to owner includes all housing services, maintenance, utilities and appliances to be provided and paid by the owner in accordance with the lease.
   f. The owner must immediately return any excess rent payment to the tenant.

6. **Other Fees and Charges**
   a. Rent to owner does not include cost of any meals or supportive services or furniture which may be provided by the owner.
   b. The owner may not require the tenant or family members to pay charges for any meals or supportive services or furniture which may be provided by the owner. Nonpayment of any such charges is not grounds for termination of tenancy.
   c. The owner may not charge the tenant extra amounts for items customarily included in rent to owner in the locality, or provided at no additional cost to unsubsidized tenants in the premises.

7. **Maintenance, Utilities, and Other Services**
   a. Maintenance
(1) The owner must maintain the unit and premises in accordance with the HQS.

(2) Maintenance and replacement (including redecoration) must be in accordance with the standard practice for the building concerned as established by the owner.

b. **Utilities and appliances**

(1) The owner must provide all utilities needed to comply with the HQS.

(2) The owner is not responsible for a breach of the HQS caused by the tenant’s failure to:

   (a) Pay for any utilities that are to be paid by the tenant.
   
   (b) Provide and maintain any appliances that are to be provided by the tenant.

c. **Family damage.** The owner is not responsible for a breach of the HQS because of damages beyond normal wear and tear caused by any member of the household or by a guest.

d. **Housing services.** The owner must provide all housing services as agreed to in the lease.

8. **Termination of Tenancy by Owner**

a. **Requirements.** The owner may only terminate the tenancy in accordance with the lease and HUD requirements.

b. **Grounds.** During the term of the lease (the initial term of the lease or any extension term), the owner may only terminate the tenancy because of:

   (1) Serious or repeated violation of the lease;
   
   (2) Violation of Federal, State, or local law that imposes obligations on the tenant in connection with the occupancy or use of the unit and the premises;
   
   (3) Criminal activity or alcohol abuse (as provided in paragraph c); or
   
   (4) Other good cause (as provided in paragraph d).

c. **Criminal activity or alcohol abuse.**

   (1) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household, a guest or another person under a resident’s control commits any of the following types of criminal activity:

      (a) Any criminal activity that threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by, other residents (including property management staff residing on the premises);
      
      (b) Any criminal activity that threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of their residences by, persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises;
      
      (c) Any violent criminal activity on or near the premises; or
      
      (d) Any drug-related criminal activity on or near the premises.

   (2) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household is:

      (a) Fleeing to avoid prosecution, or custody or confinement after conviction, for a crime, or attempt to commit a crime, that is a felony under the laws of the place from which the individual flees, or that, in the case of the State of New Jersey, is a high misdemeanor; or

      (b) Violating a condition of probation or parole under Federal or State law.

   (3) The owner may terminate the tenancy for criminal activity by a household member in accordance with this section if the owner determines that the household member has committed the criminal activity, regardless of whether the household member has been arrested or convicted for such activity.

   (4) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household has engaged in abuse of alcohol that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

d. **Other good cause for termination of tenancy**

   (1) During the initial lease term, other good cause for termination of tenancy must be something the family did or failed to do.

   (2) During the initial lease term or during any extension term, other good cause includes:

      (a) Disturbance of neighbors,
      
      (b) Destruction of property, or
      
      (c) Living or housekeeping habits that cause damage to the unit or premises.

   (3) After the initial lease term, such good cause includes:

      (a) The tenant’s failure to accept the owner’s offer of a new lease or revision;
      
      (b) The owner’s desire to use the unit for personal or family use or for a purpose other than use as a residential rental unit; or

      (c) A business or economic reason for termination of the tenancy (such as sale of the property, renovation of the unit, the owner’s desire to rent the unit for a higher rent).

e. **Protections for Victims of Abuse.**

   (1) An incident or incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking will not be construed as serious or repeated violations of the lease or other “good cause” for termination of the assistance, tenancy, or occupancy rights of such a victim.

   (2) Criminal activity directly relating to abuse, engaged in by a member of a tenant’s household or any guest or other person under the tenant’s control,
shall not be cause for termination of assistance, tenancy, or occupancy rights if the tenant or an immediate member of the tenant’s family is the victim or threatened victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.

(3) Notwithstanding any restrictions on admission, occupancy, or terminations of occupancy or assistance, or any Federal, State or local law to the contrary, a PHA, owner or manager may “bifurcate” a lease, or otherwise remove a household member from a lease, without regard to whether a household member is a signatory to the lease, in order to evict, remove, terminate occupancy rights, or terminate assistance to any individual who is a tenant or lawful occupant and who engages in criminal acts of physical violence against family members or others. This action may be taken without evicting, removing, terminating assistance to, or otherwise penalizing the victim of the violence who is also a tenant or lawful occupant. Such eviction, removal, termination of occupancy rights, or termination of assistance shall be effected in accordance with the procedures prescribed by Federal, State, and local law for the termination of leases or assistance under the housing choice voucher program.

(4) Nothing in this section may be construed to limit the authority of a public housing agency, owner, or manager, when notified, to honor court orders addressing rights of access or control of the property, including civil protection orders issued to protect the victim and issued to address the distribution or possession of property among the household members in cases where a family breaks up.

(5) Nothing in this section limits any otherwise available authority of an owner or manager to evict or the public housing agency to terminate assistance to a tenant for any violation of a lease not premised on the act or acts of violence in question against the tenant or a member of the tenant’s household, provided that the owner, manager, or public housing agency does not subject an individual who is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking to a more demanding standard than other tenants in determining whether to evict or terminate.

(6) Nothing in this section may be construed to limit the authority of an owner or manager to evict, or the public housing agency to terminate assistance, to any tenant if the owner, manager, or public housing agency can demonstrate an actual and imminent threat to other tenants or those employed at or providing service to the property if the tenant is not evicted or terminated from assistance.

(7) Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede any provision of any Federal, State, or local law that provides greater protection than this section for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.

f. Eviction by court action. The owner may only evict the tenant by a court action.

g. Owner notice of grounds
   (1) At or before the beginning of a court action to evict the tenant, the owner must give the tenant a notice that specifies the grounds for termination of occupancy. The notice may be included in or combined with any owner eviction notice.
   (2) The owner must give the PHA a copy of any owner eviction notice at the same time the owner notifies the tenant.
   (3) Eviction notice means a notice to vacate, or a complaint or other initial pleading used to begin an eviction action under State or local law.

9. Lease: Relation to HAP Contract
   If the HAP contract terminates for any reason, the lease terminates automatically.

10. PHA Termination of Assistance
   The PHA may terminate program assistance for the family for any grounds authorized in accordance with HUD requirements. If the PHA terminates program assistance for the family, the lease terminates automatically.

11. Family Move Out
   The tenant must notify the PHA and the owner before the family moves out of the unit.

12. Security Deposit
   a. The owner may collect a security deposit from the tenant. (However, the PHA may prohibit the owner from collecting a security deposit in excess of private market practice, or in excess of amounts charged by the owner to unassisted tenants. Any such PHA-required restriction must be specified in the HAP contract.)
   b. When the family moves out of the contract unit, the owner, subject to State and local law, may use the security deposit, including any interest on the deposit, as reimbursement for any unpaid rent payable by the tenant, any damages to the unit or any other amounts that the tenant owes under the lease.
   c. The owner must give the tenant a list of all items charged against the security deposit, and the amount of each item. After deducting the amount, if any, used to reimburse the owner, the owner must promptly refund the full amount of the unused balance to the tenant.
   d. If the security deposit is not sufficient to cover amounts the tenant owes under the lease, the owner may collect the balance from the tenant.

13. Prohibition of Discrimination
   In accordance with applicable equal opportunity statutes, Executive Orders, and regulations, the owner must not discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status or disability in connection with the lease.

14. Conflict with Other Provisions of Lease
a. The terms of the tenancy addendum are prescribed by HUD in accordance with Federal law and regulation, as a condition for Federal assistance to the tenant and tenant’s family under the Section 8 voucher program.

b. In case of any conflict between the provisions of the tenancy addendum as required by HUD, and any other provisions of the lease or any other agreement between the owner and the tenant, the requirements of the HUD-required tenancy addendum shall control.

15. Changes in Lease or Rent
a. The tenant and the owner may not make any change in the tenancy addendum. However, if the tenant and the owner agree to any other changes in the lease, such changes must be in writing, and the owner must immediately give the PHA a copy of such changes. The lease, including any changes, must be in accordance with the requirements of the tenancy addendum.

b. In the following cases, tenant-based assistance shall not be continued unless the PHA has approved a new tenancy in accordance with program requirements and has executed a new HAP contract with the owner:

1. If there are any changes in lease requirements governing tenant or owner responsibilities for utilities or appliances;

2. If there are any changes in lease provisions governing the term of the lease;

3. If the family moves to a new unit, even if the unit is in the same building or complex.

c. PHA approval of the tenancy, and execution of a new HAP contract, are not required for agreed changes in the lease other than as specified in paragraph b.

d. The owner must notify the PHA of any changes in the amount of the rent to owner at least sixty days before any such changes go into effect, and the amount of the rent to owner following any such agreed change may not exceed the reasonable rent for the unit as most recently determined or redetermined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.

16. Notices
Any notice under the lease by the tenant to the owner or by the owner to the tenant must be in writing.

17. Definitions
Contract unit. The housing unit rented by the tenant with assistance under the program.

Family. The persons who may reside in the unit with assistance under the program.

HAP contract. The housing assistance payments contract between the PHA and the owner. The PHA pays housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract.

Household. The persons who may reside in the contract unit. The household consists of the family and any PHA-approved live-in aide. (A live-in aide is a person who resides in the unit to provide necessary supportive services for a member of the family who is a person with disabilities.)

Housing quality standards (HQS). The HUD minimum quality standards for housing assisted under the Section 8 tenant-based programs.

HUD. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

HUD requirements. HUD requirements for the Section 8 program. HUD requirements are issued by HUD headquarters, as regulations, Federal Register notices or other binding program directives.

Lease. The written agreement between the owner and the tenant for the lease of the contract unit to the tenant. The lease includes the tenancy addendum prescribed by HUD.

PHA. Public Housing Agency.

Premises. The building or complex in which the contract unit is located, including common areas and grounds.

Program. The Section 8 housing choice voucher program.

Rent to owner. The total monthly rent payable to the owner for the contract unit. The rent to owner is the sum of the portion of rent payable by the tenant plus the PHA housing assistance payment to the owner.

Section 8. Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 United States Code 1437f).

Tenant. The family member (or members) who leases the unit from the owner.

Voucher program. The Section 8 housing choice voucher program. Under this program, HUD provides funds to an PHA for rent subsidy on behalf of eligible families. The tenant under the lease will be assisted with rent subsidy for a tenancy under the voucher program.
EXPLANATION OF HQS STANDARDS

1. Electricity—There must be two duplex receptacles, or one receptacle and a permanently installed ceiling or wall light fixture. (Bathrooms only need one permanently installed light fixture.)

2. Electrical Hazards—There must not be broken, uninsulated, or frayed wiring, or improper wiring or connections. Light fixtures must be secured (not hanging from wiring). All electrical cover plates must be in place. Breaker or fuse box must not have exposed electrical connections, and circuits must not be overloaded (frequent "blown" fuses).

3. Security—Windows and doors accessible to outside or common public hall must be lockable.

4. Windows w/screens—If window no longer has the ability to keep out wind and rain, or is a cutting hazard, it should be marked "fail." Minor cracks or deterioration should still "pass." Screens are required locally due to mosquitoes. (Windows not required in kitchen or bathrooms.)

5. Ceiling—Ceilings must not be "unsound or hazardous" (severe bulging or buckling, large holes, loose surface materials other than paper or paint).

6. Wall—Walls must not be "unsound or hazardous" (severe buckling, bulging, or leaning, damaged structural members, large holes, air infiltration).

7. Floor—Floors must not be "unsound or hazardous" (In danger of collapse or trip hazards).

8. Lead Paint—To fail, interior paint must be noticeably loose and separating from the surface material (chipping, peeling, cracking).

9. Stove & oven—Stove and oven must be present and operable.  
   Can be provided

10. Refrigerator—A refrigerator must be present and working.  
    By tenant

11. Sink—Sink must have hot & cold running water and properly connected drain, with no drips or leaks under the sink (inside cabinet).

12. Food Preparation & Storage—Some space must be available for storage and preparation of food. If there is no built-in space, a table for food preparation and a portable storage cabinet will satisfy the requirement.

13. Flush toilet—Toilet must be in enclosed room in unit and operable.

14. Lavatory—Washbasin must have hot and cold running water and properly connected drain, with no drips or leaks under the sink (inside cabinet). Must be separate from kitchen sink.

15. No major infestation—No presence of rats, or severe infestation of mice or vermin.

16. Tub of Shower—Tub or shower must have hot and cold running water and properly connected drain, and must be private.

17. Bathroom Ventilation—There must be openable windows or a working ventilation fan.

18. Stairs/Railings—Stairs, railings, and porches must not be unsound or hazardous.

19. Smoke Detector—There must be a working smoke detector (battery or direct-wired).

20. Foundation—Foundation must not be unsound or hazardous.

21. Roof & Gutters—Roof and gutters must not be unsound or hazardous. Gutters and downspouts are not required to pass.

22. Fence/Yard—Fences and yard, if any, shall be free of hazards.

23. No garbage/debris—Unit to be free from heavy accumulation of garbage or debris inside and outside. Trashcans or dumpster must be available.

24. Chimney—Chimney should not be seriously leaning or deteriorated.

25. Heating system—Heating system should be present and adequate to heat all rooms used for living (either directly or indirectly).

26. Cooling (if present)—If cooling is not present, windows must be operable.

27. Hot Water heater—Hot water heater must have a properly installed temperature/pressure relief (TPR) valve and discharge line. Gas units should be vented. The area where the unit is located should be free of clutter.

28. Plumbing—the main lines should be free from leaks.

29. Sewer—Drain lines should be connected to City sewer and free from sewer back up.